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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/686,563	10/11/2000	Ying-Li Wu	QWEST# 1789	5238	
22193	7590 11/24/2004	EXAMINER			
QWEST COMMUNICATIONS INTERNATIONAL INC			FERRIS, DE	FERRIS, DERRICK W	
	T INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY GROUP IFORNIA STREET, SUITE 3800		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
DENVER, CO			2663		

DATE MAILED: 11/24/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/686,563	WU ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Derrick W. Ferris	2663				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 S	September 2004.					
	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa						
Disposition of Claims	•					
4) Claim(s) 1 and 11 is/are pending in the application Papers	wn from consideration.					
Application Papers		•				
<ul> <li>9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.</li> <li>10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 22 March 2004 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.</li> <li>Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).</li> </ul>						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documen 2. Certified copies of the priority documen 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applicati prity documents have been receive nu (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ol>	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:					

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 09/23/2004 has been entered.

## Response to Amendment

- 2. Claims 1 and 11 as amended are still in consideration for this application.
- 3. Examiner does **not withdraw** the obviousness rejections to *Milbrandt* in view of *Hamilton* for Office action filed 04/28/04. In response to applicant's arguments, applicant's further amendment is taught in figure 4 of *Milbrandt* with respect to field 406. Examiner also notes the motivation is provided in the reference as mentioned below and in the previous Office action. In particular, one skilled in the art would have been motivated to look for a facsimile transmission since a facsimile transmission occurs over a telephone line. *Milbrandt* teaches monitoring telephone lines.

Although the same reference is applied, the rejection is made non-final by the examiner since applicant paid for a continued examination.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person

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having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 1 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 6,633,545 B1 to *Milbrandt* in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,404,400 A to *Hamilton*.

In making a proper obviousness rejection under MPEP 706.02(j), the examiner will address the following four steps:

- a) the relevant teachings of the prior art relied upon, preferably with reference to the relevant column or page number(s) and line numbers where appropriate;
- b) the difference of differences in the claim(s) over the applied cited references;
- c) the proposed modification of the applied reference(s) necessary to arrive at the claimed subject matter; and
- d) an explanation why one skilled in the art at the time of the invention was made would have been motivated to make the proposed modification.

As such to claims 1 and 11, for step (a) *Milbrandt* discloses software for performing classification, see e.g., column 6, line 55. As such, see figure 4 with respect to a plurality of telephone numbers relating to terminal connections. With respect to classifying a connection see figure 8. With respect to the limitation "use the dialog processing device to monitor the terminating connection during operation of the modem", see e.g., column 10, lines 36-52. With respect to recording of an entry wherein the entry includes classification, see e.g., figure 4 with respect to field 406.

For step (b) *Milbrandt* may be silent or deficient to the further limitation classifying the terminating connection as a facsimile machine if the modem successfully establishes a connection to the terminating connection at a negotiated maximum baud rate less than 1000 bits/sec. However, the examiner notes that above limitation may be taught since *Milbrandt* teaches using any protocol which would include a fax protocol,

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see e.g., column 5, line 3. However, if this assumption above is incorrect, then the examiner notes the following obviousness rejection.

Hamilton teaches the further recited limitation above at e.g., the abstract.

For step (c), the proposed modification of the above-applied reference(s) necessary to arrive at the claimed subject matter would be to modify *Milbrandt* to clarify that any protocol could also include a fax protocol.

In order to establish a prima facie case of obviousness for step (d), three basic criteria must be met. The three criteria according to MPEP 706.02(j) are as follows:

First there must be some suggestion or modification, either in the reference(s) themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art, to modify the reference or to combine the reference teachings. Second, there must be a reasonable expectation of success. Finally, the prior art reference (or references when combined) must teach or suggest all the claim limitations.

As such, for step (d) examiner notes that it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art prior to applicant's invention to include the further limitation classifying the terminating connection as a facsimile machine if the modem successfully establishes a connection to the terminating connection at a negotiated maximum baud rate less than 1000 bits/sec. In particular, the motivation for modifying the reference or to combine the reference teachings would be to communicate with a facsimile machine. In particular, *Hamilton* cures the above-cited deficiency by providing a motivation found at e.g., the abstract. Second, there would be a reasonable expectation of success since *Hamilton* further discloses classifying the type of the connection. Examiner would like to further point out that *Hamilton* teaches that it is well known in the art that a skilled artisan would recognize a fax protocol, see e.g., column 3, lines 48-50. Examiner agrees and notes that

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the specific threshold as defined by applicant of 1000 bits/sec is implicitly taught by V series specifications. In particular, examiner notes one skilled in the art would note that a facsimile communication typically starts out at a baud rate of 300 bits/sec (after a 2100 Hz tone) which is under 1000 bits/sec while an analog modem connection typically starts out at the highest bit rate supported such as 56.6 or 33.6 kbps which is above 1000 bits/sec. In particular, this assumption is supported via the V.21, channel 2 specification for a facsimile and the V.29 standard for a modem. These specifications are inherently taught as part of the V-series protocols supported by *Milbrandt*, see e.g., column 4, lines 59-67 and column 24, lines 34-54. Thus the references either in singular or in combination teach the above claim limitation.

### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Derrick W. Ferris whose telephone number is (571) 272-3123. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9 A.M. - 4:30 P.M. E.S.T.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chau Nguyen can be reached on (571) 272-3126. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Derrick W. Ferris

Examiner

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